# SEND at Rivacre Valley Primary



At Rivacre Valley, we are all responsible for the support of all children - including those who may have a Special Educational Need and/or Disability. Our targets are set and reviewed at least termly - often half termly depending on progress made. Target setting is a collaborative process where all staff involved with the child work together to provide SMART - Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic, Time bound - targets. Staff meet together half termly to discuss and review targets. Children with EHC Plans also have an Annual Review. This academic year we have introduced the gathering for Pupil Voice of all children with SEN Targets, not just those with EHCP or Top Up Funding. These targets are based on the four areas of SEN need. Some children may have more than one area of need. The Areas of Need are:

#### **Communication and Interaction**

Communication and interaction conditions may include children and young people who have speech, language and communication needs and/or autism.

- They may:have difficulty in communicating with others: They may have difficulty saying what they want to or understanding what is being said to them
- Be delayed in using language and shy away from talking

### **Cognition and Learning**

Cognition and learning difficulties can affect children's ability to learn and do well at school. Specific learning difficulties (SpLD) include a range of conditions such as dyslexia, dyscalculia and dyspraxia.

Children who have needs in more than one of these areas are considered to have 'complex needs'. A child may also be described as having 'mild' or 'severe' learning difficulties depending on the degree of need and the impact this has on their lives.

Support for learning difficulties may be needed when children and young people learn at a slower pace than their peers.

Learning difficulties cover a wide range of needs. Pupils with moderate learning difficulties (MLD) may need extra support in some areas of the curriculum.

Those with severe learning difficulties (SLD) are likely to need support in all areas of the curriculum and have associated difficulties with mobility and communication.

Pupils with profound and multiple learning difficulties (PMLD), are likely to have severe and complex learning difficulties as well as a physical disability or sensory impairment.

### Sensory and/or Physical needs

Children with sensory or physical needs may have a disability, such as;

- physical disability
- vision impairment
- hearing impairment
- multi-sensory impairment (both hearing and vision difficulties)
- dyspraxia

They may need specialist equipment to access learning and other opportunities available to their peers.

They may also need support to help with daily tasks such as eating or travelling. This is sometimes referred to as habilitation support.

## Social, Emotional and Mental Health difficulties (SEMH)

Children and young people experiencing social, emotional and mental health difficulties may be:

- withdrawn or isolated
- hyperactive and lack concentration
- immature in relation to social skills
- displaying behaviour that challenges which could be arising from other complex special needs. This could mean mental health difficulties such as anxiety or depression or they could be selfharming, substance misuse, eating disorders or physical symptoms that are medically unexplained.
- They may have disorders such as attention deficit disorder (ADD), attention deficit hyperactive disorder (ADHD) or attachment disorder and may be frustrated and struggle with school routines and relationships.